Fnormal	Name:
Ffriction Fpull	Date:
Ground ¥ mg	Pa:

Friction – What a Drag!

I. Purpose:

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The purpose of this lab is to determine how surface texture and mass affect the friction of a moving object.

Hypothesis:

II. Materials:

- 3 Wooden Blocks
- 1 Piece of Sandpaper
- 1 Set of Spring Scale
- 1 Lab paper
- 1 Writing utensil

III. Procedure:

- 1. Gather supplies
- 2. Attach spring scale to wood block
- 3. Practice dragging the wood block across the surface of your desk slowly, keeping the spring scale even by keeping the pull consistent for a distance of 30cm (0.3m)
- 4. Conduct the first trial using the wooden block dragged across the metal surface on your desk for 30cm. Read the spring scale to determine the force used.
- 5. Record the results on the data table.
- 6. Repeat step 4 two more times, for a total of three trials.
- 7. Place two blocks of wood on top of the first wooden block and repeat steps 4-6.
- 8. Using only one block, repeat steps 4-7, dragging the block across the sandpaper. (NOTE: you will have hold the sandpaper as you drag the wooden block)
- 9. Calculate the average force needed to move the block over three trials and record in your data table.
- 10. Calculate the work done on the block for each type of experiment using the formula:Work = force x distance (use the average force for "force" and 30cm for distance)

IV. Data

A. Diagram

- B. Observations n/a
- C. Data Table

	Trial 1 Force	Trial 2 Force	Trial 3 Force	Average Force	Work Done
Single Block on Metal					
3 Stacked Blocks on Metal					
Single Block on Sandpaper					
3 Stacked Blocks on Sandpaper					

D. Graph



- E. Analysis Questions
 - 1. Was the force needed to pull the blocks greater or lesser when more blocks were added?
 - 2. Which surface required a larger force to pull the blocks? (metal or sand paper)
 - 3. Summarize two things you learned about friction in this lab.